## Internal Medicine Training (IMT) Stage 1 ARCP Decision Aid – 2019 curriculum (2023 update)

The IMT ARCP decision aid documents the targets to be achieved for a satisfactory ARCP outcome at the end of each training year. This document is available on the JRCPTB website <u>https://www.jrcptb.org.uk/training-certification/arcp-decision-aids</u>

Evidence / requirement	Notes	IM year 1 (IMY1)	IM year 2 (IMY2)	IM year 3 (IMY3)	
Educational supervisor	One per year to cover the	Confirms meeting or	Confirms meeting or	Confirms meeting or	
(ES) report	training year since last ARCP	exceeding	exceeding expectations	exceeding expectations	
	(up to the date of the current	expectations and no	and no concerns.	and no concerns.	
	ARCP).	concerns.	Confirms will meet the	Confirms will meet the	
			critical progression	critical progression	
			point criteria and can	point criteria and	
			progress to IMY3 and	complete IM stage 1.	
			act as medical registrar.		
Generic capabilities in	Mapped to <u>Generic</u>	ES to confirm trainee	ES to confirm trainee	ES to confirm trainee	
practice (CiPs)	Professional Capabilities (GPC)	meets expectations for	meets expectations for	meets expectations for	
	framework and assessed using	level of training.	level of training.	level of training.	
	global ratings. Trainees should				
	record self-rating to facilitate				
	discussion with ES. ES report				
	will record rating for each				
	generic CiP.				
Clinical capabilities in	See grid below of levels	ES to confirm trainee	ES to confirm trainee is	ES to confirm trainee is	
practice (CiPs)	expected for each year of	is performing at or	performing at or above	performing at or above	
	training. Trainees must	above the level	the level expected for	the level expected for	
	complete self-rating to	expected for all CiPs.	all CiPs. Confirms will	all CiPs.	
	facilitate discussion with ES.		meet the critical		
	ES report will confirm		progression point		
	entrustment level for each		criteria and can		







Evidence / requirement	Notes	IM year 1 (IMY1)	IM year 2 (IMY2)	IM year 3 (IMY3)	
	individual CiP and overall		progress to IMY3 and		
	global rating of progression.		act as medical registrar.		
Multiple consultant	Minimum number. Each MCR	4	4 - of which at least 3	4 - of which at least 3	
report (MCR)	is completed by a consultant		MCRs written by	MCRs written by	
	who has supervised the		consultants who have	consultants who have	
	trainee's clinical work. The ES		personally supervised	personally supervised	
	should not complete an MCR		the trainee in an acute	the trainee in an acute	
	for their own trainee.		take/post-take setting	take/post-take setting	
			in IMY1/2.	in IMY3.	
Multi-source feedback	Minimum of 12 raters	1	1	1	
(MSF)	including 3 consultants and a				
	mixture of other staff (medical				
	and non-medical)				
	Replies should be received				
	within 3 months (ideally				
	within the same placement).				
	MSF report must be released				
	by the ES and feedback				
	discussed with the trainee				
	before the ARCP. If significant				
	concerns are raised, then				
	arrangements should be made				
	for a repeat MSF.				
Supervised learning	Minimum number to be	4	4	4	
events (SLEs):	carried out by consultants.				
	Trainees are encouraged to				
Acute care assessment	undertake more, and				
tool (ACAT)	supervisors may require				
	additional SLEs if concerns are				







Evidence / requirement	Notes	IM year 1 (IMY1)	IM year 2 (IMY2)	IM year 3 (IMY3)	
	identified. Each ACAT must				
	include a minimum of 5 cases.				
	ACATs should be used to				
	demonstrate global				
	assessment of trainee's				
	performance on take or				
	presenting new patients on				
	ward rounds, encompassing				
	both individual cases and				
	overall performance (eg				
	prioritisation, working with				
	the team). It is not for				
	comment on the management				
	of individual cases.				
Supervised Learning	Minimum number to be	2 mini-cex or CBD plus	2 mini-cex or CBD plus	2 mini-cex or CBD plus	
Events (SLEs):	carried out by consultants.	2 OPCATs.	2 OPCATs.	2 OPCATs.	
	Trainees are encouraged to				
Case-based discussion	undertake more, and				
(CbD) and/or mini-	supervisors may require				
clinical evaluation	additional SLEs if concerns are				
exercise (mini-CEX)	identified. SLEs should be				
OPCATs ( <u>Outpatient Care</u>	undertaken throughout the				
Assessment Tool	training year by a range of assessors. Structured				
<u>JRCPTB</u> ).					
	feedback should be given to aid the trainee's personal				
	development and reflected on				
	by the trainee.				
	by the trainee.				







Evidence / requirement	Notes	IM year 1 (IMY1)	IM year 2 (IMY2)	IM year 3 (IMY3)	
MRCP (UK)	Failure to pass Part 1 at end of IMY1 or full MRCP by the end of IMY2 will affect ARCP outcome.	Part 1 passed. If Part 1 not passed, recommended ARCP outcome: An IMY1 without Part 1 can progress to IMY2 on an outcome 2 U5 if there are no other training/capability concerns.	Full MRCP(UK) diploma achieved. If full MRCP UK not passed, recommended ARCP outcome: An IMY2 with only some or no parts of MRCPUK and no other training/capability concerns can progress to IMY3 on an outcome 2 U5. If full MRCP not achieved and training/capability concerns an ARCP outcome 3 should be considered.	Full MRCP(UK) diploma achieved. Recommended ARCP outcome: if full MRCP not complete at end IMY3 an ARCP outcome 3 should be awarded. If it is an <u>exam only</u> outcome 3 (all other capabilities complete and no training concerns), a trainee may wish to take additional training time or achieve MRCPUK outside of training.	If at any point in their training, a trainee has exhausted all attempts at a part of MRCPUK, (including extenuating circumstances/appeals), an outcome 4 should be considered.
Advanced life support (ALS)	An expired ALS certification should not affect trainee progression or ARCP outcome. The ES rating for clinical CiP 7 (delivering effective resuscitation) and capability for advanced CPR in the procedures section of the curriculum should be considered.	Valid	Valid	Valid	







Evidence / requirement	Notes	IM year 1 (IMY1)	IM year 2 (IMY2)	IM year 3 (IMY3)	
	Please see JRCPTB guidance - www.jrcptb.org.uk/covid-19.				
Quality improvement (QI) project	QI project plan and report to be completed. Project to be assessed with quality improvement project tool (QIPAT).		1 project completed with QIPAT or evidence of an active role in research, detailed in ES report (for example as part of an ACF programme).	1 project completed with QIPAT if not already completed in IMY1 or 2 or evidence of an active role in research, detailed in ES report (for example as part of an ACF programme). NB 2023 - 2024 IMY3 ARCP only.	
Clinical activity: Outpatients	See curriculum for definition of clinics and educational objectives. OPCAT to be used to give structured feedback. Patient survey and reflective practice recommended. Summary of clinical activity should be recorded on ePortfolio.	Indicative minimum 20 outpatient clinics by end of IMY1.	Indicative minimum 20 outpatient clinics in IMY2.	Indicative minimum 20 outpatient clinics in IMY3 and 80 outpatient clinics in total (IMY1-3).	
Clinical activity: Acute unselected take	Active involvement in the care of patients presenting with acute medical problems is defined as having sufficient input for the trainee's involvement to be recorded in the patient's clinical notes.	Evidence that trainee actively involved in the care of at least 100 patients presenting with acute medical problems in IMY1.	Evidence that trainee actively involved in the care of at least 100 patients presenting with acute medical problems in IMY2. ES to	Evidence that trainee actively involved in the care of at least 100 patients presenting with acute medical problems in IMY3 and an indicative minimum	





Evidence / requirement	Notes	IM year 1 (IMY1)	IM year 2 (IMY2)	IM year 3 (IMY3)	
			confirm level 3 for	500 patients in total	
			clinical CiP1.	(IMY1-3).	
				ES to confirm level 3 for	
				clinical CiP1.	
Clinical activity:	Trainees should be involved in			Minimum of 24 months	
Continuing ward care of	the day-to-day management			by end of IM stage 1.	
patients admitted with	of acutely unwell medical				
acute medical problems	inpatients for at least 24				
	months of IM stage 1.				
Critical care	See curriculum for definition			12 weeks of critical	
	of critical care placements and			care in one single block	
	learning objectives.			is recommended (ICU	
				or HDU) by end of IM	
				stage 1. At least one	
				MCR to be completed	
				by the supervisor in the	
				critical care placement	
Geriatric medicine				Evidence of completion	
				of minimum of four	
				months in a team led	
				by a consultant	
				geriatrician by	
				completion of IM stage	
				1. At least one MCR to	
				be completed by	
				geriatrician during IM	
				Stage 1.	





Evidence / requirement	Notes	IM year 1 (IMY1)	IM year 2 (IMY2)	IM year 3 (IMY3)	
Simulation	All practical procedures	Evidence of simulation	Evidence of simulation	Evidence of simulation	
	should be taught by	training including	training including	training including	
	simulation as early as possible	procedural skills.	human factors and	human factors and	
	in IMY1.		scenario training.	scenario training	
	Refresher training in			(including from IMY2).	
	procedural skills should be				
	completed if required.				
Teaching attendance	Minimum hours per training	50 hours teaching	50 hours teaching	50 hours teaching	
	year.	attendance to include	attendance to include	attendance to include	
		minimum of 20 hours	minimum of 20 hours	minimum of 20 hours	
	Summary of teaching	IM teaching	IM teaching recognised	IM teaching recognised	
	attendance to be recorded in	recognised for CPD	for CPD points or	for CPD points or	
	ePortfolio.	points or organised/	organised/ approved by	organised/ approved by	
		approved by HEE local	HEE local	HEE local	
		office or deanery.	office/deanery.	office/deanery.	

## Practical procedural skills

Trainees must be able to outline the indications for the procedures listed in the table below and recognise the importance of valid consent, aseptic technique, safe use of analgesia and local anaesthesia, minimisation of patient discomfort, and requesting for help when appropriate. For all practical procedures the trainee must be able to appreciate and recognise complications and respond appropriately if they arise, including calling for help from colleagues in other specialties when necessary. Please see table below for minimum levels of competence expected in each training year.

Practical procedures – minimum requirements	IMY1	IMY2	IMY3
Advanced cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR)	Skills lab or satisfactory	Participation in CPR team	Leadership of CPR team
	supervised practice		







Practical procedures – minimum requirements	IMY1	IMY2	IMY3
Temporary cardiac pacing using an external device	Skills lab or satisfactory	Skills lab or satisfactory	Skills lab or satisfactory
	supervised practice	supervised practice	supervised practice
Ascitic tap	Skills lab or satisfactory	Competent to perform	Maintainª
	supervised practice	unsupervised as evidenced by	
		summative DOPS	
Lumbar puncture	Skills lab or satisfactory	Competent to perform	Maintain <sup>a</sup>
	supervised practice	unsupervised as evidenced by	
		summative DOPS	
Nasogastric (NG) tube	Skills lab or satisfactory	Competent to perform	Maintain <sup>a</sup>
	supervised practice	unsupervised as evidenced by	
		summative DOPS	
Pleural aspiration for fluid (diagnostic)	Skills lab or satisfactory	Competent to perform	Maintain <sup>a</sup>
It can be assumed that a trainee who is capable of performing	supervised practice	unsupervised as evidenced by	
pleural aspiration of fluid is capable of introducing a needle to		summative DOPS	
decompress a large symptomatic <b>pneumothorax</b> . Pleural			
procedures should be undertaken in line with the British			
Thoracic Society guidelines <sup>b</sup>			
Access to circulation for resuscitation (femoral vein or	Skills lab or satisfactory	Skills lab or satisfactory	Skills lab or satisfactory
intraosseous)	supervised practice	supervised practice	supervised practice
The requirement is for a minimum of skills lab training or			
satisfactory supervised practice in one of these two mechanisms			
for obtaining access to the circulation to allow infusion of fluid in			
the patient where peripheral venous access cannot be			
established			
Central venous cannulation (internal jugular or subclavian)	Skills lab or satisfactory	Skills lab or satisfactory	Skills lab or satisfactory
	supervised practice	supervised practice	supervised practice
Intercostal drain for pneumothorax or effusion	Skills lab or satisfactory	Skills lab or satisfactory	Skills lab or satisfactory
Pleural procedures should be undertaken in line with the British	supervised practice	supervised practice	supervised practice
Thoracic Society guidelines <sup>b</sup>			





Practical procedures – minimum requirements	IMY1	IMY2	IMY3
Direct current (DC) cardioversion	Skills lab or satisfactory	Competent to perform	Maintainª
	supervised practice	unsupervised as evidenced by	
		summative DOPS	
Abdominal paracentesis	Skills lab or satisfactory	Skills lab or satisfactory	Skills lab or satisfactory
	supervised practice	supervised practice	supervised practice

<sup>a</sup> When a trainee has been signed off as being able to perform a procedure independently, they are not required to have any further assessment (DOPS) of that procedure unless they or their educational supervisor think that this is required (in line with standard professional conduct).

<sup>b</sup> These state that thoracic ultrasound guidance is strongly recommended for all pleural procedures for pleural fluid, also that the marking of a site using thoracic ultrasound for subsequent remote aspiration or chest drain insertion is not recommended, except for large effusions. Ultrasound guidance should be provided by a pleural-trained ultrasound practitioner.







## Levels to be achieved by the end of each training year and at critical progression points for IM clinical CiPs

## Level descriptors

Level 1: Entrusted to observe only – no provision of clinical care.

Level 2: Entrusted to act with direct supervision.

Level 3: Entrusted to act with indirect supervision.

Level 4: Entrusted to act unsupervised.

Clinical CiP	IMY1	IMY2		IMY3	
1. Managing an acute unselected take	2	3		3	
2. Managing an acute specialty-related take	2*	2*	OINT	2*	OINT
3. Providing continuity of care to medical in-patients	2	3		3	SION F
4. Managing outpatients with long term conditions	2	2	GRESS	3	GRESS
5. Managing medical problems in patients in other specialties and special cases	2	2	L PROG	3	L PROG
6. Managing an MDT including discharge planning	2	2	RITICA	3	CRITICA
<ol> <li>Delivering effective resuscitation and managing the deteriorating patient</li> </ol>	2	3	CR	4	Ċ
8. Managing end of life and applying palliative care skills	2	2		3	

\* This entrustment decision may be made on the basis of performance in other related CiPs if the trainee is not in a post that provides acute specialty-related take experience.





