## Allergy and Clinical Immunology (ACI) – currently known as Allergy - ARCP Decision Aid 2021

This decision aid provides guidance on the requirement to be achieved for a satisfactory ARCP outcome at the end of each training year. A separate decision aid is available for trainees on the ACLI pathway. Decision aids are available on the JRCPTB website <a href="https://www.jrcptb.org.uk/training-certification/arcp-decision-aids">https://www.jrcptb.org.uk/training-certification/arcp-decision-aids</a>

Evidence / requirement	Notes	Year 1 (ST3)	Year 2 (ST4)	Year 3 (ST5)	Year 4 (ST6)
Educational supervisor (ES) report	An indicative one per year to cover the training year since last ARCP (up to the date of the current ARCP)	Confirms meeting or exceeding expectations and no concerns	Confirms meeting or exceeding expectations and no concerns	Confirms meeting or exceeding expectations and no concerns	Confirms will meet all requirements needed to complete training
Generic capabilities in practice (CiPs)	Mapped to Generic Professional Capabilities (GPC) framework and assessed using global ratings. Trainees should record self-rating to facilitate discussion with ES. ES report will record rating for each generic CiP	ES to confirm trainee meets expectations for level of training	ES to confirm trainee meets expectations for level of training	ES to confirm trainee meets expectations for level of training	ES to confirm trainee meets expectations for level of training
Specialty capabilities in practice (CiPs)	See grid below for levels expected for each year of training. Trainees must complete self-rating to facilitate discussion with ES. ES report will confirm entrustment level for each CiP	ES to confirm trainee is performing at or above the level expected for all CiPs	ES to confirm trainee is performing at or above the level expected for all CiPs	ES to confirm trainee is performing at or above the level expected for all CiPs	ES to confirm level 4 in all CiPs by end of training
Multiple consultant report (MCR)	An indicative minimum number. Each MCR is completed by a consultant who has supervised the trainee's clinical work. The ES should not complete an MCR for their own trainee	2	2	2	2
Multi-source feedback (MSF)	An indicative minimum of 12 raters including 2 consultants and a mixture of other staff (medical and non-medical).	1	1	1	1

Evidence /	Notes	Year 1 (ST3)	Year 2 (ST4)	Year 3 (ST5)	Year 4 (ST6)
requirement					
	MSF report must be released by the ES				
	and feedback discussed with the trainee				
	before the ARCP. If significant concerns				
	are raised then arrangements should be				
	made for a repeat MSF				
Supervised	An indicative minimum number to be				
Learning Events	carried out by consultants. Trainees are				
(SLEs):	encouraged to undertake more and	7 – to include 1 which			
	supervisors may require additional SLEs if	covers CiP 3	covers CiP 3	covers CiP 3	covers CiP 3
Case-based	concerns are identified. SLEs should be				
discussion (CbD)	undertaken throughout the training year				
and/or mini-	by a range of assessors. Structured				
clinical evaluation	feedback should be given to aid the				
exercise (mini-	trainee's personal development and				
CEX)	reflected on by the trainee				
Allergy and	It is recommended that trainees pass the		ACICE attempted		ACICE passed
Clinical	ACICE by the end of ST5. Failing the exam				
Immunology	will not in itself be a barrier to				
Certificate	progression to final year of training. Must				
Examination	be passed by completion of training				
(ACICE)					
Critical case	Trainees should put together a case		2	2	2
presentations	report demonstrating capability in				
	presenting to a Grand Round, MDT,				
	national training day or submission as a				
	case report (evidence of literature				
	search, critical analysis and coherent				
	reasoning)				

Evidence /	Notes	Year 1 (ST3)	Year 2 (ST4)	Year 3 (ST5)	Year 4 (ST6)
requirement					
Advanced life		Valid	Valid	Valid	Valid
support (ALS)					
Patient Survey		1		1	
Quality	Project to be assessed with quality		1		1
improvement (QI)	improvement project tool (QIPAT)				
project					
Teaching	Assessment of delivering teaching using		1		1
	Teaching Observation (TO) tool				

## **Practical procedural skills**

Trainees must be able to outline the indications for the procedures listed in the table below and recognise the importance of valid consent, aseptic technique, safe use of analgesia and local anaesthesia, minimisation of patient discomfort, and requesting for help when appropriate. For all practical procedures the trainee must be able to appreciate and recognise complications and respond appropriately if they arise, including calling for help from colleagues in other specialties when necessary.

Please see table below for minimum levels of competence expected in each training year. Competence to perform unsupervised requires summative DOPS sign off. When a trainee has been signed off as being able to perform a procedure independently they are not required to have any further assessment (DOPS) of that procedure unless they or their educational supervisor think that this is required (in line with standard professional conduct).

Procedure	ST3	ST4	ST5	ST6
Skin Prick Testing	Competent to perform unsupervised	Maintain	Maintain	Maintain
Intradermal Testing	Perform under supervision	Competent to perform unsupervised	Maintain	Maintain
Drug Provocation Test	Perform under supervision	Perform under supervision	Perform under supervision	Competent to perform unsupervised
Food Provocation Test	Perform under supervision	Perform under supervision	Perform under supervision	Competent to perform unsupervised
Drug Desensitization	Perform under supervision	Perform under supervision	Perform under supervision	Competent to perform unsupervised
Aeroallergen Immunotherapy	Perform under supervision	Competent to perform unsupervised	Maintain	Maintain
Venom Immunotherapy	Perform under supervision	Competent to perform unsupervised	Maintain	Maintain
Perioperative anaphylaxis assessment	Perform under supervision	Perform under supervision	Competent to perform unsupervised	Maintain
Spirometry	Competent to perform unsupervised	Maintain	Maintain	Maintain
Fractional Exhaled nitric oxide (FeNO)	Competent to perform unsupervised	Maintain	Maintain	Maintain
Anterior Rhinoscopy	Competent to perform unsupervised	Maintain	Maintain	Maintain

## Levels to be achieved for specialty CiPs in Allergy and Clinical Immunology (ACI) pathway

Level 1: Entrusted to observe only – no clinical care; Level 2: Entrusted to act with direct supervision; Level 3: Entrusted to act with indirect supervision; Level 4: Entrusted to act unsupervised

Specialty training				ССТ	
Specialty CiP	ST3	ST4	ST5	ST6	
Managing, developing, and delivering allergy services in all appropriate service settings	2	2	3	4	
2. Managing, developing, and delivering clinical immunology services in all appropriate service settings	2	2	3	4	POINT
3. Providing advice to colleagues on selection, interpretation and limitations of laboratory and other investigations for common immunological and allergic conditions	2	3	4	4	OGRESSION
4. Supporting the management of patients with allergy, immunodeficiency and autoimmune disease, and auto-inflammatory disease, in liaison with other specialties including primary care	2	3	4	4	IITICAL PRC
5. Delivering and supporting both immune-mediated and other therapeutic interventions in allergic and immunological conditions	2	2	3	4	2
6. Understanding the needs of adolescents and young adults with immunological and allergic diseases transitioning to adulthood	2	2	3	4	